## CONSTRUCTION CONDITIONS IN THE NINTH DISTRICT

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### DISCLAIMER

The views expressed here are the presenter's and not necessarily those of the Federal Reserve Bank of Minneapolis or the Federal Reserve System.





## THANK YOU TO PARTNERS (AND RESPONDENTS!)

- Construction/trade organizations across the Ninth District (and every District state) help get survey to member construction firms
- Largest construction-focused survey among the
   12 Federal Reserve District Banks
- A big THANK YOU to all of our partners, and their members who provide us with valuable insights



#### **CONSTRUCTION SURVEY**

- Conducted: November 15-22, 2021
- Total responses: 225, mostly from Minnesota
- Results are a snapshot
  - Not a scientifically sampled survey
  - 50+ percent of respondents work in both residential & commercial sectors
  - About 15% work in both industrial & infrastructure
  - Please interpret results carefully





#### **SURVEY TAKE-AWAYS**

- Revenue trends were positive, and generally similar to those reported in July
  - Over course of pandemic, trends look a little more positive
  - Subsector activity continues to even out
- Delays persistent, and worsening
- Challenges remain: supply chain, labor, high costs
  - Wages also rising
- Pipeline of new projects seems to have plateaued at modest growth; firms remained optimistic



### RECENT REVENUE TRENDS

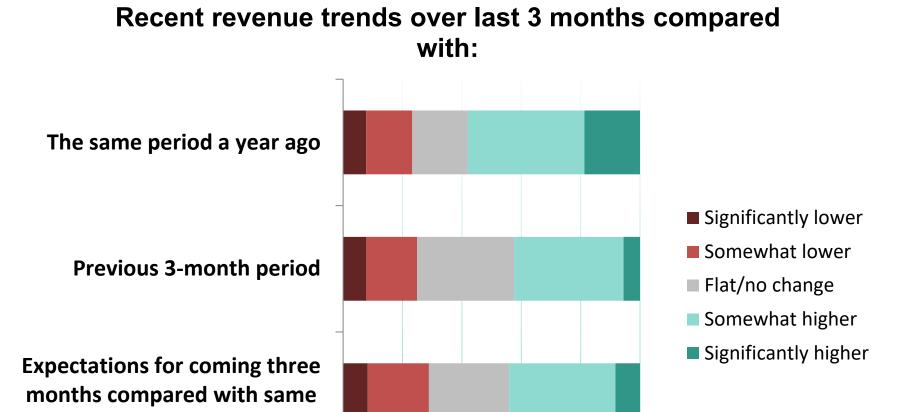
#### RECENT AND FUTURE REVENUE

period last year

Positive revenue growth, especially year-over-year

In comments, some suggest that some revenue growth comes from higher input costs; pandemic comparison period also matters

Outlook moderately upbeat



0%

20%

40%

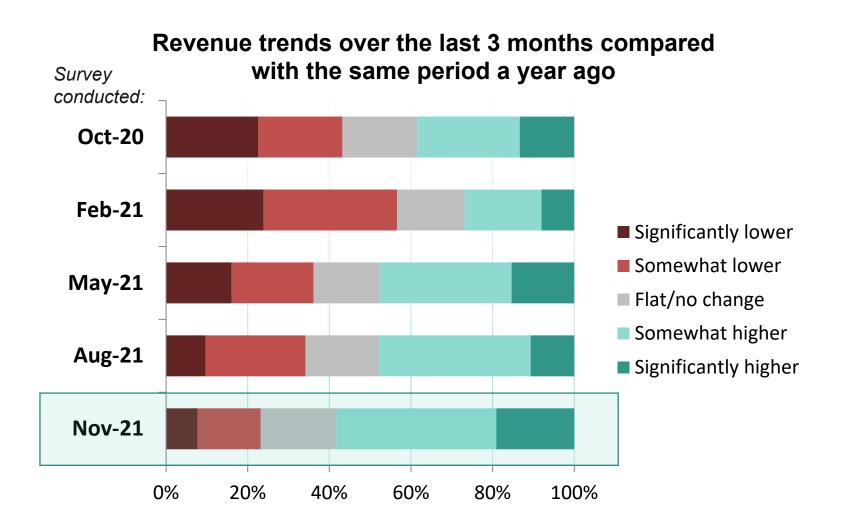
60%

80%

100%



#### REVENUE TRENDS, OVER TIME



"Repeated cross sections" offer additional insights; interpret cautiously

Seeing steadily improving revenue trend over time

However, trend also follows higher input costs, & favorable comparison period



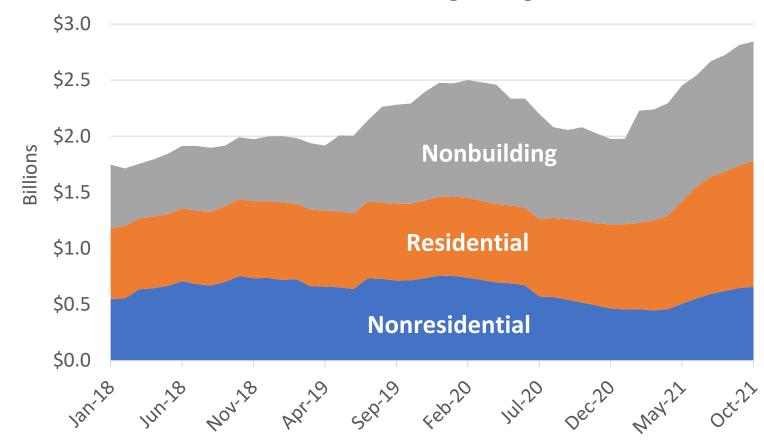
#### **CONSTRUCTION SPENDING**

#### **Value of construction starts in Ninth District states**

12-month rolling average

Industry data also suggests growth trend

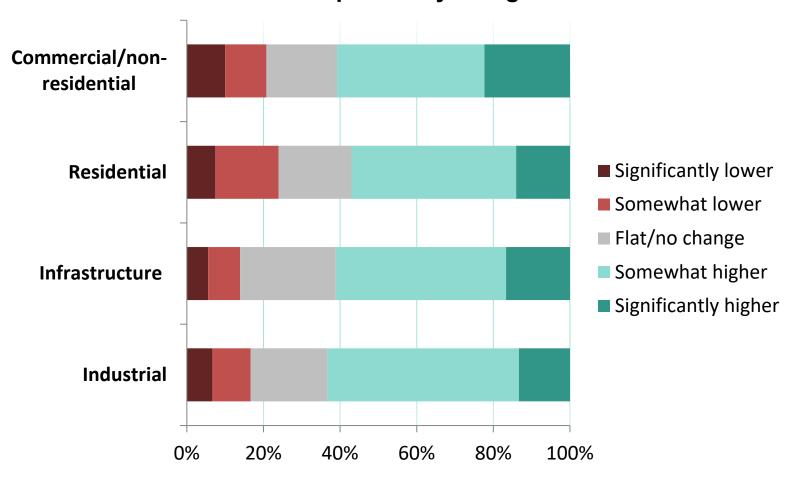
But higher costs likely pushing the spending needle





#### REVENUE TRENDS BY CONSTRUCTION SECTOR

### Revenue trends over the last 3 months compared with same period a year ago

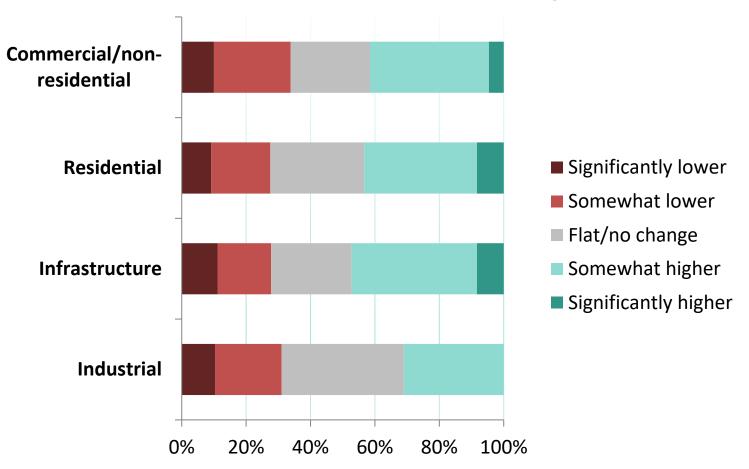


Re-balanced: All sectors seeing strong y-o-y revenue trend (not just housing)



#### SECTORAL TRENDS, CONT. - FALL EXPECTATIONS

## **Expectations for coming three months** compared with same period last year



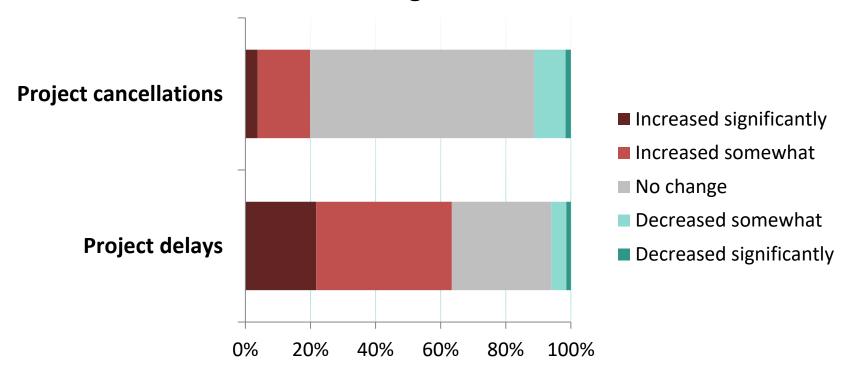
Short-term future expectations also moderately positive; infrastructure firms more upbeat then in August survey; industrial firms a little less so



## PROJECT CANCELLATIONS & DELAYS

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## Current project cancellations and delays compared with August levels

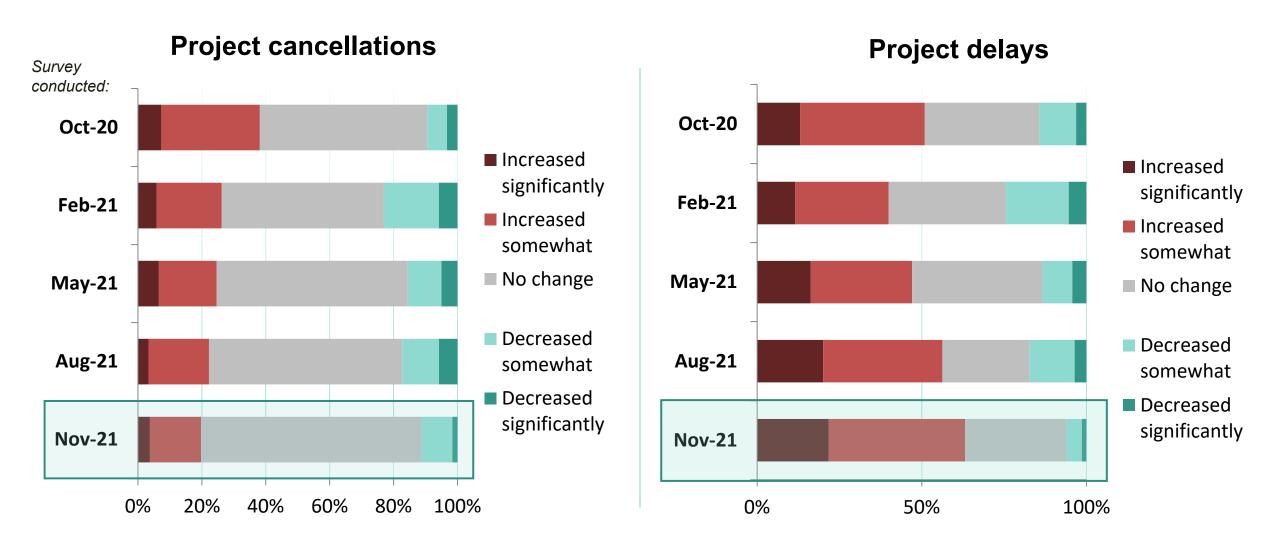


Delays are big, growing problem

Firms also say cancellations are rising, but the longer trend offers some context



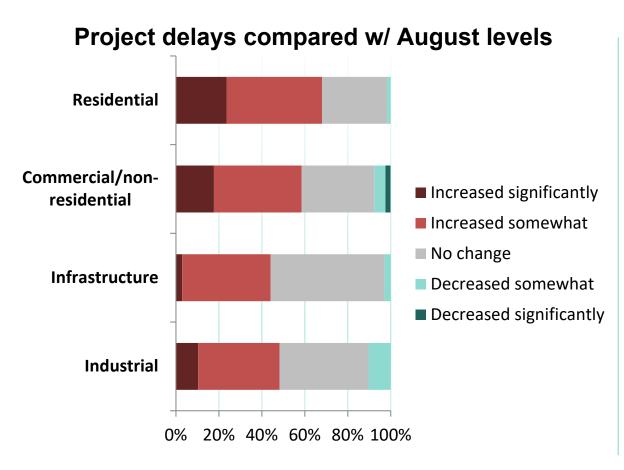
#### CANCELLATION & DELAY TRENDS: PANDEMIC





#### CANCELLATIONS AND DELAYS, BY SECTOR

- Delays hitting all sectors, esp. residential; infrastructure delays dropped
- Residential has highest cancellation rate, but slightly improved over August

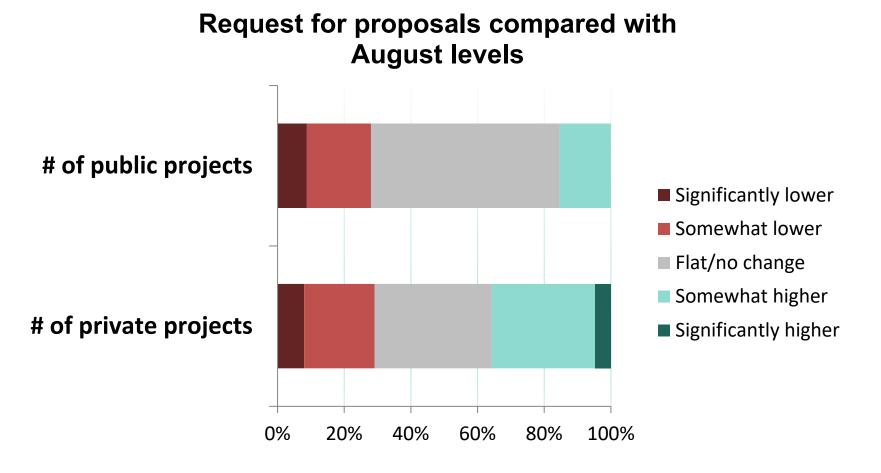


#### **Project cancellations compared w/ August** Residential Commercial/non-■ Increased significantly residential Increased somewhat ■ No change Infrastructure Decreased somewhat ■ Decreased significantly **Industrial** 0% 25% 50% 75% 100%



## FUTURE PIPELINE: PROJECTS OUT FOR BID

#### NEW PROJECTS: REQUESTS FOR PROPOSALS



Public projects out for bid still in contraction

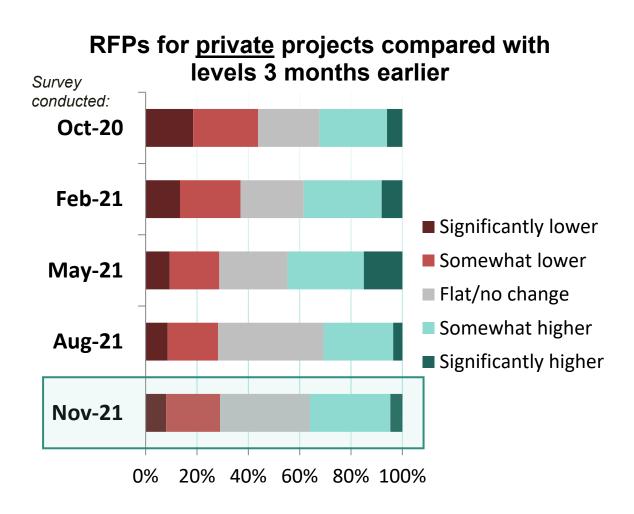
Private-project pipeline modestly positive

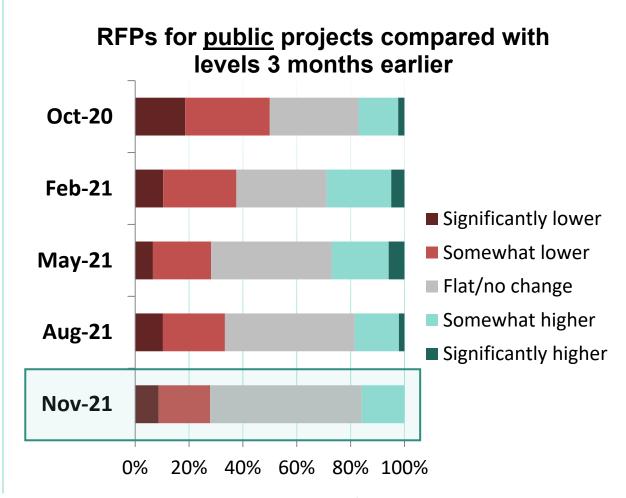
Longer pandemic trend suggests improvement, but also caution



#### PANDEMIC TREND IN NEW PROJECTS:

#### Despite contraction, public project pipeline improving

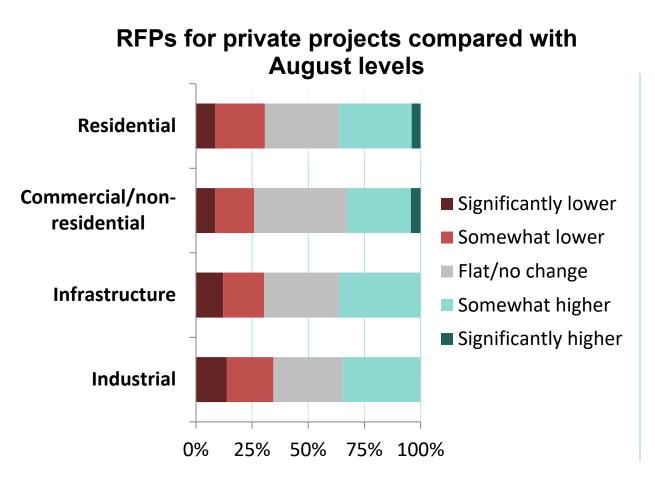


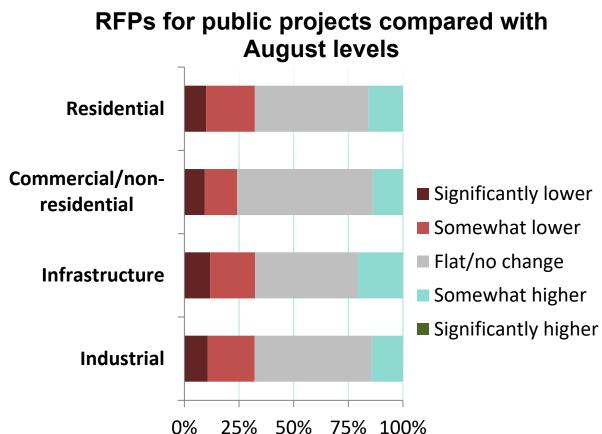




#### PROJECTS OUT FOR BID - BY SECTOR

#### Fairly level market across sectors; none seeing more than modest growth





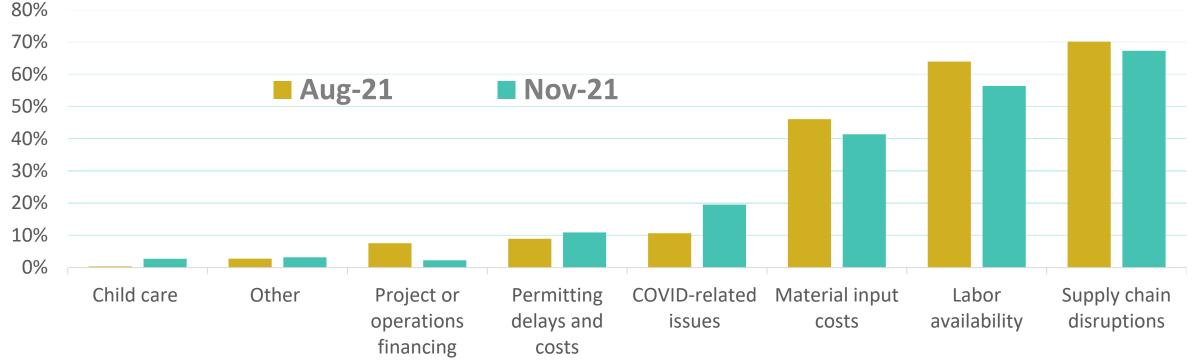


## CHALLENGES REMAIN

#### CHALLENGES TO OPERATIONS

- Three BIG challenges: Supply chain (esp), lack of labor, high costs
- · Covid less a direct concern, but rising and very much in the background





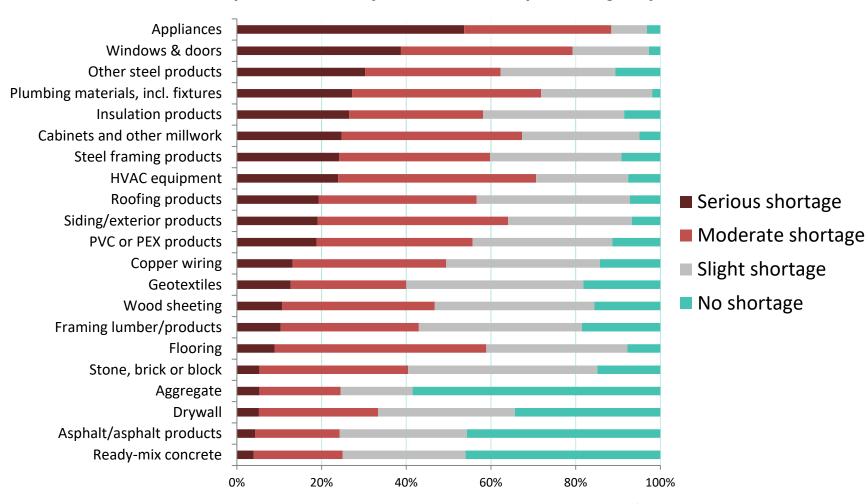


#### SUPPLY CHAINS: PRODUCT SHORTAGES ABOUND

#### Please describe products availability

Responses reflect only those that use the product regularly

Product shortages abound for most materials, along with products not listed here (and volunteered by respondents ...e.g., paint, lighting)





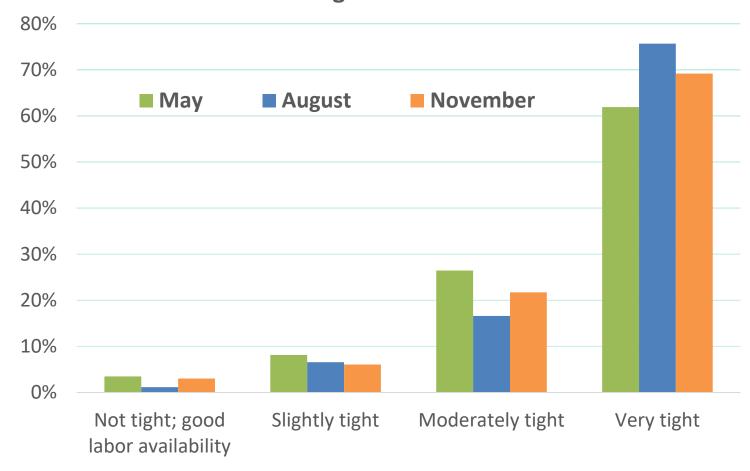
#### LABOR AVAILABILITY: THE LESS-GOOD NEWS

Share of firms saying labor conditions are "very tight" risen substantially

February survey: 35%

Possibly near a market ceiling

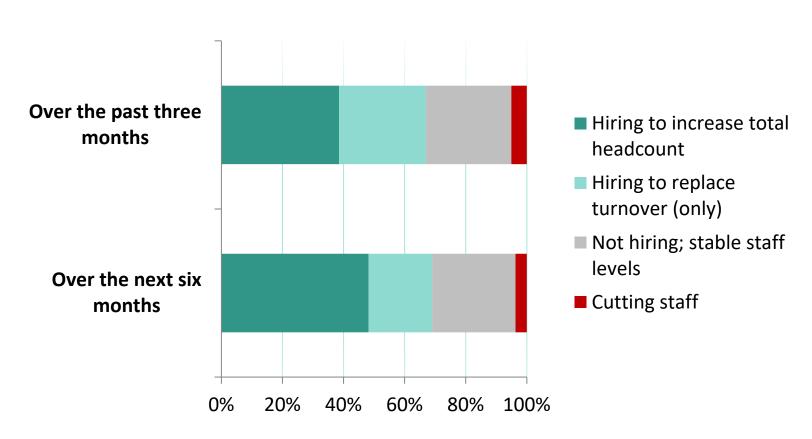
## Labor availability for open positions among firms looking for workers





#### STRONG LABOR FORCE DEMAND CONTINUES

#### Staffing/hiring demand at your firm



The good news: Labor tightness comes in part from lots of firms looking for workers

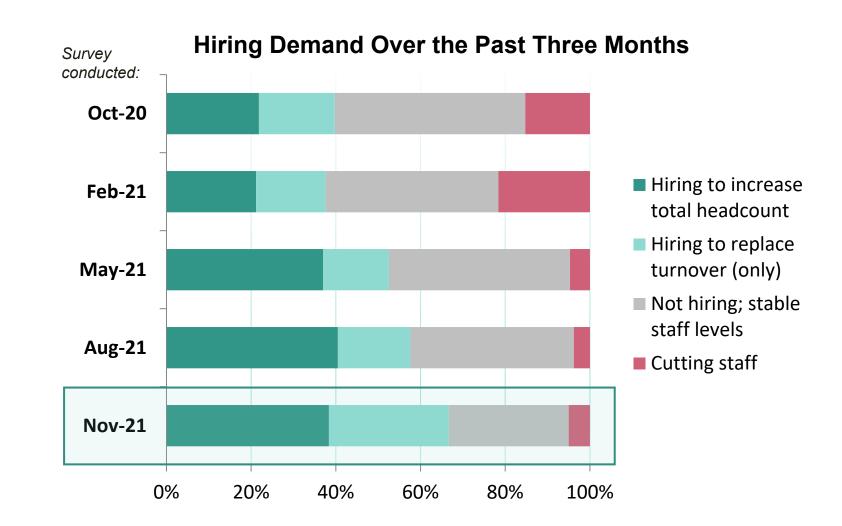
Almost half looking to add net staff over coming 6 months



#### STAFFING TRENDS DURING PANDEMIC

#### **Dual signals**

- Strong labor demand a sign that revenue trends not all inflation-based
- Also a sign that labor availability a growing problem



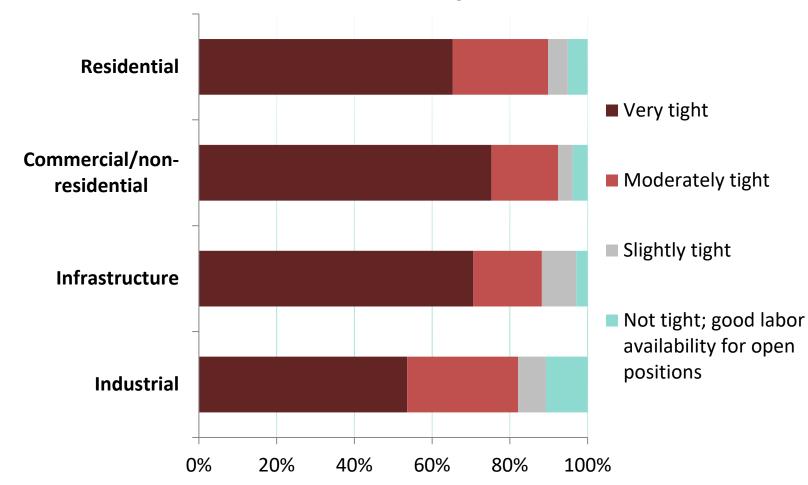


#### LABOR AVAILABILITY BY CONSTRUCTION SECTOR

Labor availability tight across all sectors

Labor tightness
eased slightly in
residential from
August survey,
possible related
to seasonality;
commercial
worsened slightly

#### Describe worker availability for open positions

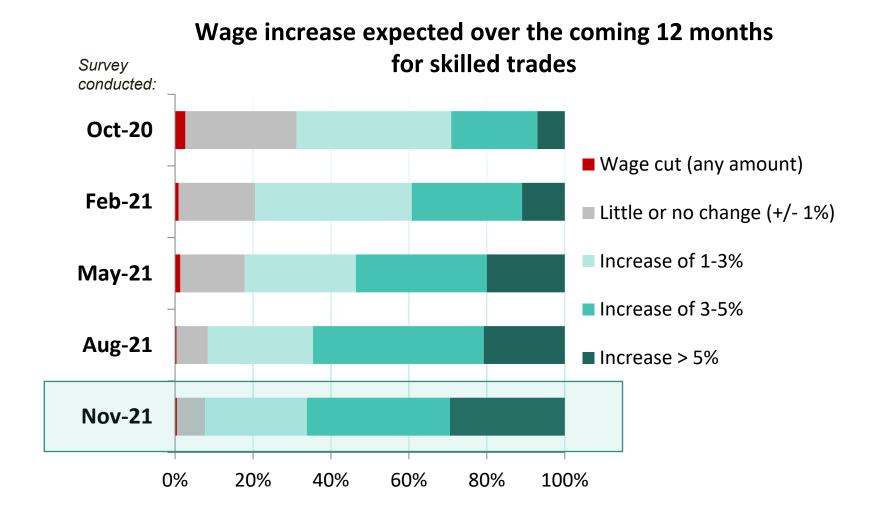




#### ADDITIONAL CHALLENGE: WAGES RISING

More firms giving raises, and bigger raises, over time

Almost 2/3 of firms gave raises of 3% or more



Source: Minneapolis Fed, preliminary results, General Business Survey, October 2021



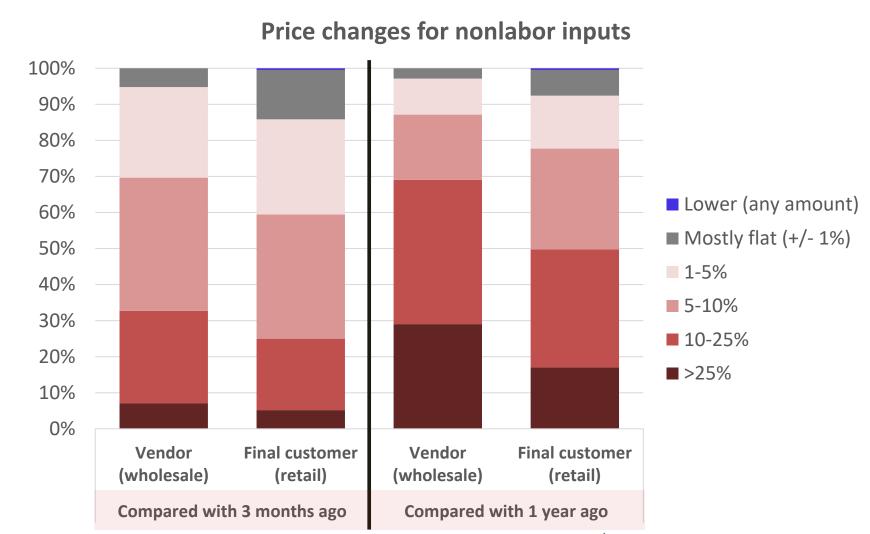
#### MATERIAL COSTS STILL HIGH

Material costs high, and mostly holding

Vendor prices: 70% seeing increases over 10% (often much more)

#### **Customer prices:**

more of wholesale increase passed to final customer, and trends to be a higher share than other sectors



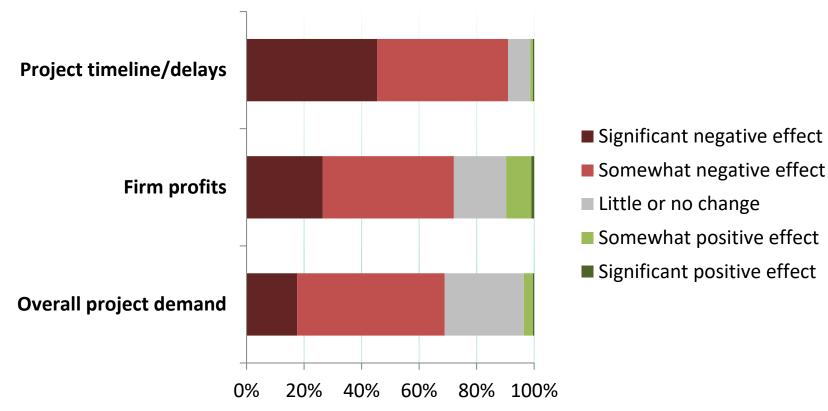


#### EFFECTS OF SUPPLY CHAIN & PRICES PROBLEMS

## What effects, if any, are you seeing as a result of price increases and/or supply chain disruptions

Supply chain disruptions, higher prices are:

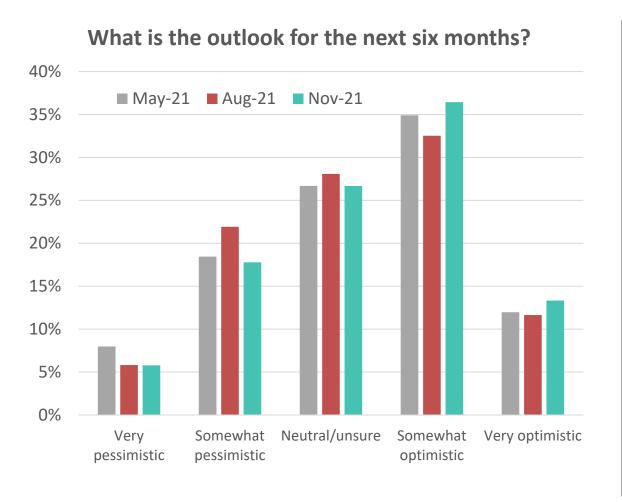
- Increasing delays
- Hurting profits
- Dampening demand

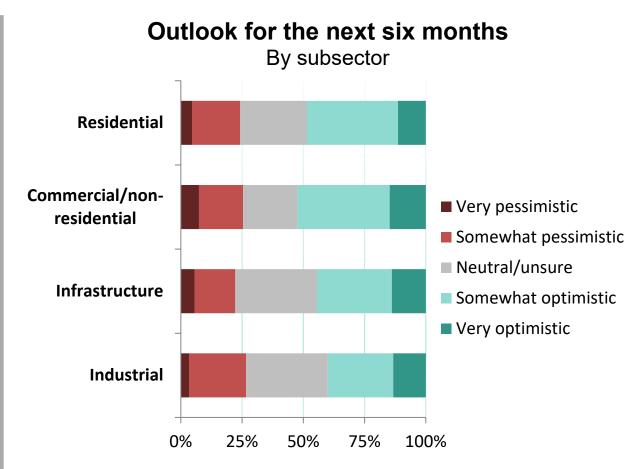




#### **OUTLOOK: OPTIMISM PREVAILS**

Despite challenges, and modest pipeline of new projects, firms a bit more optimistic









#### SURVEY WRAP-UP

- Revenue trends positive, both short & longer-term
  - Higher costs may be driving some of this trend
- Stability despite big challenges, heavy delays
- Underlying demand seems to be healthy overall
  - If challenges of supply chains and prices get addressed, industry seems poised for solid growth
  - Future projects pipeline (RFPs) sending some mixed signals, but other signals (RFPs over time, labor demand, wage growth) point to good demand
  - Covid/Delta/Omicron a huge variable
- Firms still optimistic overall; federal infrastructure bill an eventual boost to demand



# THANK YOU! QUESTIONS? SUBMIT QUESTIONS VIA CHAT BOX

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