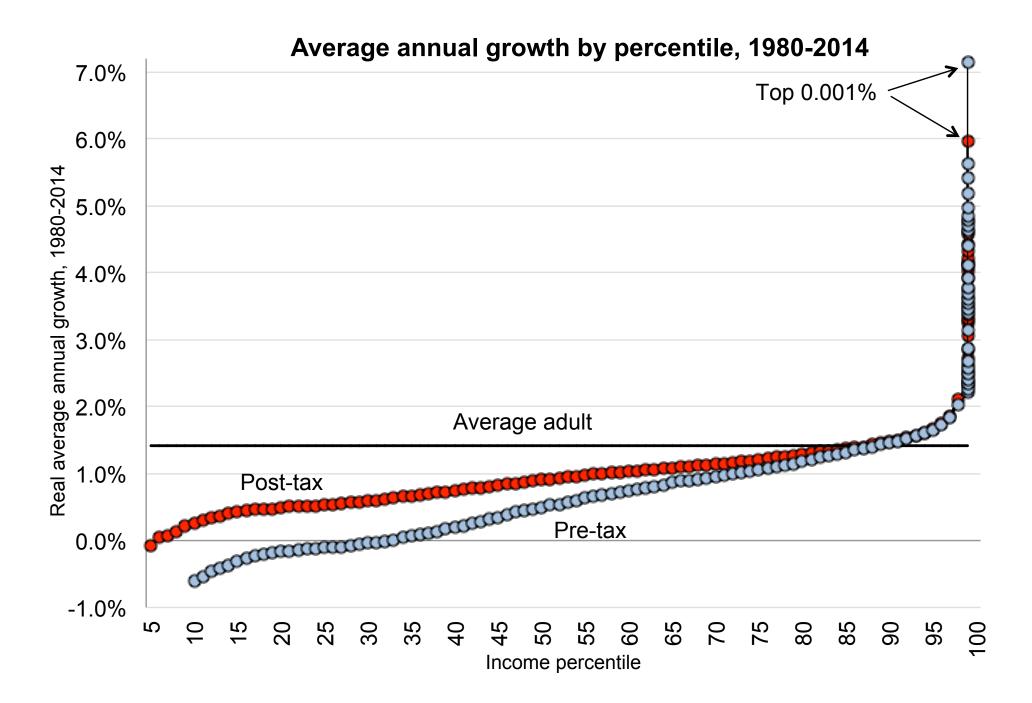
FEDERAL RESERVE BANK of NEW YORK

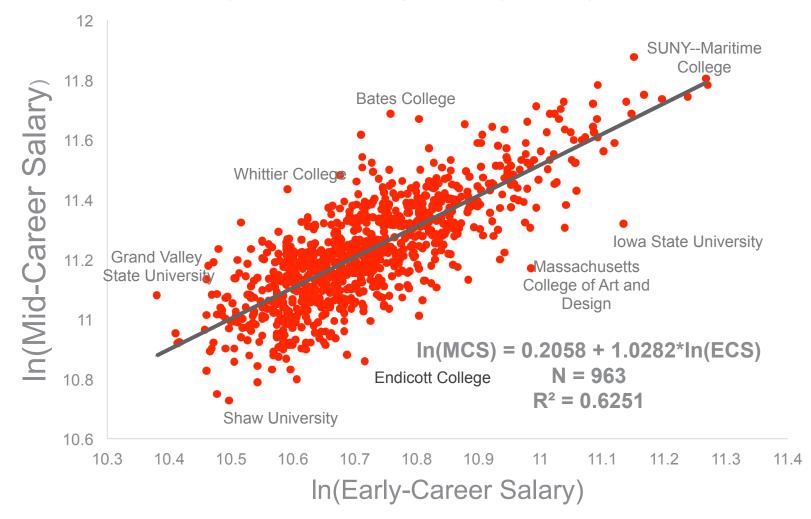
Takeaways: Opportunity & Inclusive Growth Institute Conference Minneapolis, May 22-23, 2017 Ayşegül Şahin

Income Growth has NOT been Inclusive

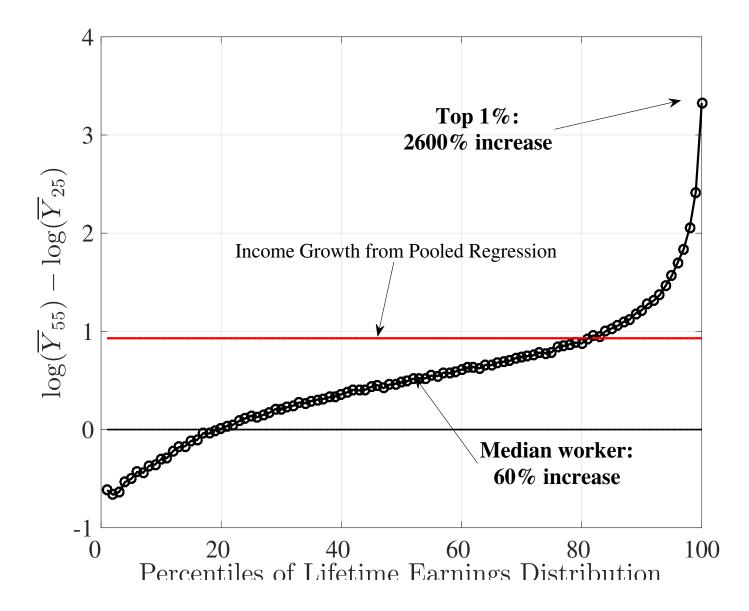


Little Lifetime Mobility

Salary Mobility across Colleges/Universities (Bachelor's Degree Only; 2016)



Life-Cycle Earnings Growth Rates Guvenen, Karahan, Ozkan, and Song (2016)

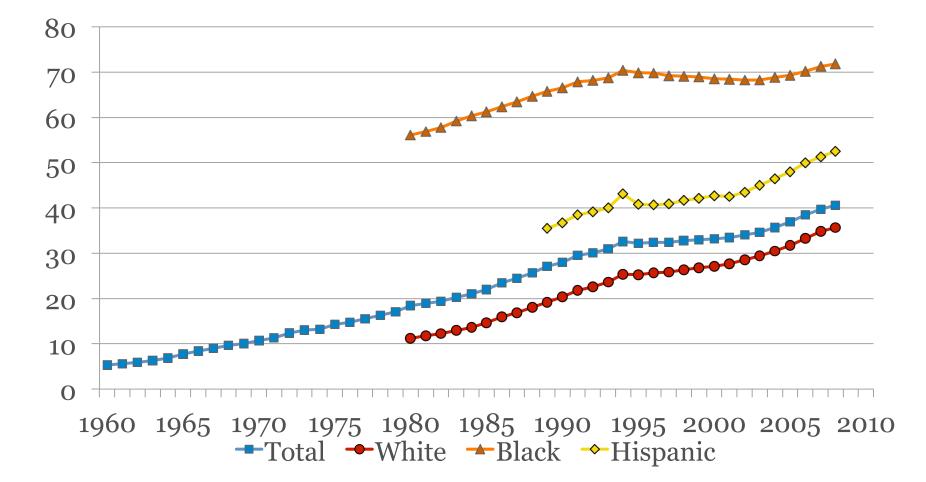




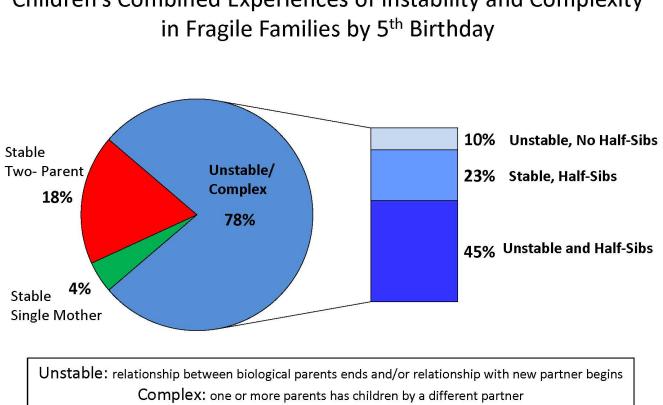
Important role for institutions, tax policy, education, financial and labor market regulations.

Rise in Family Instability: The Negative Feedback Loop

Rise in Single Motherhood



8



Source: Tabulated by Dr. Laura Tach from Waves 1-4 of the Fragile Families & Child Wellbeing Survey, a nationally representative sample of children born in the late 1990s in cities with populations of 200,000 or more. Fragile Families are defined as biological parents who were unmarried at time of birth.

Children's Combined Experiences of Instability and Complexity



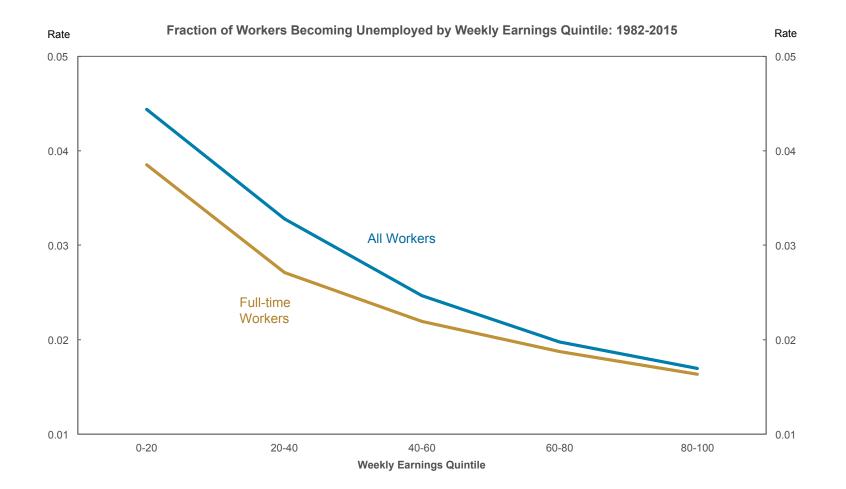
Any strategy to improve mobility must include the *family contexts* into which children are born and raised.

A Few Other Observations

Unemployment Risk Highly Uneven

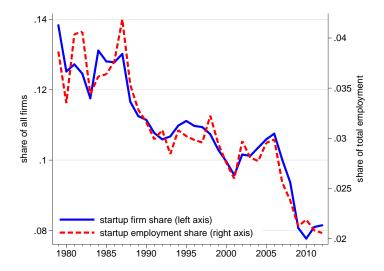
Unemployment risk higher for low-wage workers

Data: CPS

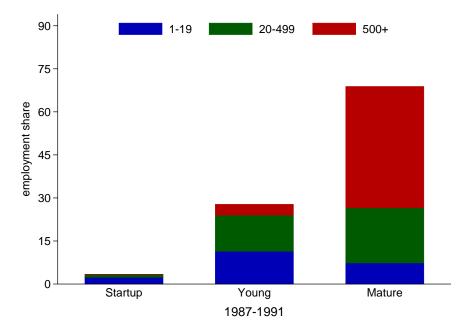


Decline in Entrepreneurship

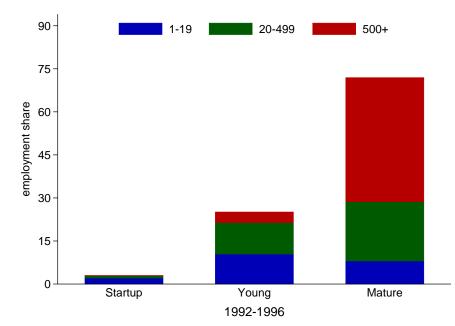
Startup rate decline in U.S. 1979-2012



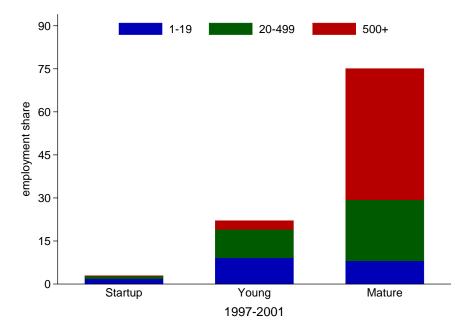
Employment share by size and age, 1987-1991



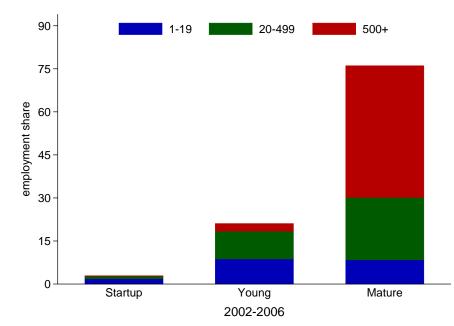
Employment share by size and age, 1992-1996



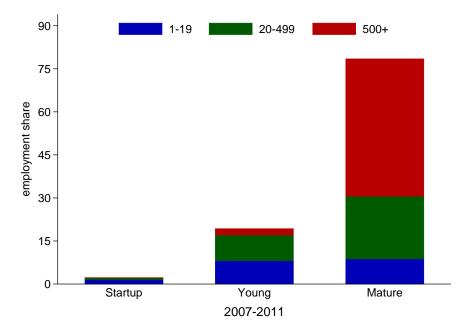
Employment share by size and age, 1997-2001



Employment share by size and age, 2002-2006



Employment share by size and age, 2007-2011





Data

We need to have a complete picture of:

- labor market experience (earnings, unemployment, employers)
- family structure
- household balance sheet
- consumption
- wealth

of households in the economy

Lot of progress in gathering data about the dispersion of economic outcomes

 NYFED: Consumer Credit Panel (CCP), Survey of Consumer Expectations (SCE), TCB's HWOL Vacancy Data

Models

We need to develop models with differences in

- labor market experience (earnings, unemployment, employers)
- family structure
- balance sheet
- consumption and wealth
- to better understand
- how aggregate stabilization policies affect different types of households
- how more targeted policies could be developed

Lot of progress in developing heterogenous-agent models with realistic features

- labor supply considerations
- bringing consumer and firm heterogeneity together